

The OpenGL Shading Language 1.50 Quick Reference Card

The OpenGL® Shading Language is several closely-related languages which are used to create shaders for each of the programmable processors contained in the OpenGL processing pipeline.

[n.n.n] and [Table n.n] refer to sections and tables in the specification at www.opengl.org/registry

Content shown in blue is removed from the OpenGL 3.2 core profile and present only in the OpenGL 3.2 compatibility profile.

Types [4.1.1-4.1.10]

Transparent Types

void	no function return value
bool	Boolean
int, uint	signed and unsigned integers
float	floating scalar
vec2, vec3, vec4	floating point vector
bvec2, bvec3, bvec4	Boolean vector
ivec2, ivec2, ivec3	signed and unsigned integer vector
uvec2, uvec2, uvec3	
mat2, mat3, mat4	2x2, 3x3, 4x4 float matrix
mat2x2, mat2x3, mat2x4	2-column float matrix with 2, 3, or 4 rows
mat3x2, mat3x3, mat3x4	3-column float matrix with 2, 3, or 4 rows
mat4x2, mat4x3, mat4x4	4-column float matrix with 2, 3, or 4 rows

Floating-Point Sampler Types (Opaque)

sampler[1,2,3]D	access a 1D, 2D, or 3D texture
samplerCube	access cube mapped texture
sampler2DRect	access rectangular texture
sampler[1,2]DShadow	access 1D or 2D depth texture/comparison
sampler2DRectShadow	access rectangular texture/comparison
sampler[1,2]DArray	access 1D or 2D array texture
sampler[1,2]DArrayShadow	access 1D or 2D array depth texture/comparison
samplerBuffer	access buffer texture
sampler2DMS	access 2D multi-sample texture
sampler2DMSArray	access 2D multi-sample array texture

Integer Sampler Types (Opaque)

isampler[1,2,3]D	access integer 1D, 2D, or 3D texture
isamplerCube	access integer cube mapped texture
isampler2DRect	access integer 2D rectangular texture
isampler[1,2]DArray	access integer 1D or 2D array texture
isamplerBuffer	access integer buffer texture
isampler2DMS	access integer 2D multi-sample texture
isampler2DMSArray	access int. 2D multi-sample array texture

Unsigned Integer Sampler Types (Opaque)

usampler[1,2,3]D	access unsigned int 1D, 2D, or 3D texture
usamplerCube	access unsigned int cube mapped texture
usampler2DRect	access unsigned int rectangular texture
usampler[1,2]DArray	access 1D or 2D array texture
usamplerBuffer	access unsigned integer buffer texture
usampler2DMS	access uint 2D multi-sample texture
usampler2DMSArray	access uint 2D multi-sample array texture

Implicit Conversions (All others must use constructors)

Expression type	Implicitly converted to type
int, uint	float
ivec2, uvec2	vec2
ivec3, uvec3	vec3
ivec4, uvec4	vec4

Aggregation of Basic Types

Arrays	float[3] foo; float foo[3]; * structures and blocks can be arrays * only 1-dimensional arrays supported * structure members can be arrays
Structures	struct type-name { members } struct-name[]; // optional variable declaration, // optionally an array
Blocks	in/out/uniform block-name { // interface matching by // block name optionally-qualified members } instance-name[]; // optional instance name, // optionally an array

Preprocessor [3.3]

Preprocessor Operators

Preprocessor operators follow C++ standards. Preprocessor expressions are evaluated according to the behavior of the host processor, not the processor targeted by the shader.

#version 150

#version 150 compatibility

#extension extension_name : behavior

#extension all : behavior

Preprocessor Directives

Each number sign (#) can be preceded in its line only by spaces or horizontal tabs.

#	#define	#undef	#if	#ifdef
#ifndef	#else	#elif	#endif	#error
#pragma	#extension	#version	#line	

Predefined Macros

__LINE__	__FILE__	Decimal integer constants	__VERSION__	Decimal integer, e.g.: 150
----------	----------	---------------------------	-------------	----------------------------

Qualifiers

Storage Qualifiers [4.3]

Variable declarations may have one storage qualifier.

none	(default) local read/write memory, or input parameter
const	compile-time constant, or read-only function parameter
in	linkage into a shader from previous stage (copied in)
centroid in	linkage with centroid based interpolation
out	linkage out of a shader to subsequent stage (copied out)
centroid out	linkage with centroid based interpolation
uniform	linkage between a shader, OpenGL, and the application

Interpolation Qualifier [4.3.9]

Qualify outputs from vertex shader and inputs to fragment shader.

smooth	perspective correct interpolation
flat	no interpolation
noperspective	linear interpolation
Vertex language:	gl_FrontColor gl_BackColor gl_FrontSecondaryColor gl_BackSecondaryColor
Fragment language:	gl_Color gl_SecondaryColor

Uniform [4.3.5]

Use to declare global variables with the same values across the entire primitive being processed. Uniform variables are read-only. Use uniform qualifiers with any basic data types or array of these, or when declaring a variable whose type is a structure, e.g.:

uniform vec4 lightPosition;

Layout Qualifiers [4.3.8]

layout(layout-qualifiers) block-declaration
layout(layout-qualifiers) in/out/uniform
layout(layout-qualifiers) in/out/uniform declaration

Input Layout Qualifiers

Layout qualifier identifiers for geometry shader inputs:
points, lines, lines_adjacency, triangles, triangles_adjacency

Fragment shaders can have an input layout only for redeclaring the built-in variable gl_FragCoord with the layout qualifier identifiers:

origin_upper_left, pixel_center_integer

Output Layout Qualifiers

Layout qualifier identifiers for geometry shader outputs:
points, line_strip, triangle_strip,
max_vertices = *integer-constant*

Uniform-Block Layout Qualifiers

Layout qualifier identifiers for uniform blocks:
shared, packed, std140, row_major, column_major

Parameter Qualifiers [4.4]

Input values are copied in at function call time, output values are copied out at function return time.

none	(default) same as in
in	for function parameters passed into a function
out	for function parameters passed back out of a function, but not initialized for use when passed in
inout	for function parameters passed both into and out of a function

Precision and Precision Qualifiers [4.5]

Precision qualifiers have no affect on precision; they aid code portability with OpenGL ES. They are:

highp, mediump, lowp

Precision qualifiers precede a floating point or integer declaration:

lowp float color;

A precision statement sets a default for subsequent declarations:

highp int;

Invariant Qualifiers Examples [4.6]

#pragma STDGL invariant(all)	force all output variables to be invariant
invariant gl_Position;	qualify a previously declared variable
invariant centroid out vec3 Color;	qualify as part of a variable declaration

Order of Qualification [4.7]

When multiple qualifications are present, they must follow a strict order. This order is as follows.

invariant, interpolation, storage, precision
storage, parameter, precision

Operators and Expressions

Operators [5.1] Numbered in order of precedence. The relational and equality operators > < = >= == != evaluate to Boolean. To compare vectors component-wise, use functions such as lessThan(), equal(), etc.

1. ()	parenthetical grouping
2. []	array subscript
3. ()	function call & constructor structure
4. .	field or method selector, swizzler
5. ++ --	postfix increment and decrement
6. ++ --	prefix increment and decrement
7. + - ~ !	unary
8. * / %	multiplicative
9. + -	additive
10. << >>	bit-wise shift
11. <<= >>=	relational
12. == !=	equality
13. &	bit-wise and
14. ^	bit-wise exclusive or
15.	bit-wise inclusive or
16. &&	logical and
17. ^^	logical exclusive or

Vector Components [5.5]

In addition to array numeric subscript syntax (e.g.: v[0], v[i]), names of vector components are denoted by a single letter. Components can be swizzled and replicated, e.g.: pos.xx, pos.zy

{x, y, z, w}	Use when accessing vectors that represent points or normals
{r, g, b, a}	Use when accessing vectors that represent colors
{s, t, p, q}	Use when accessing vectors that represent texture coordinates

OpenGL Shading Language 1.50 Quick Reference Card

Built-In Inputs, Outputs, and Constants [7]

Vertex Language

```
in int gl_VertexID;
in int gl_InstanceID;

in vec4 gl_Color;
in vec4 gl_SecondaryColor;
in vec3 gl_Normal;
in vec4 gl_Vertex;
in vec4 gl_MultiTexCoord[0-7];
in float gl_FogCoord;

out gl_PerVertex {
    vec4 gl_Position;
    float gl_PointSize;
    float gl_ClipDistance[];
    vec4 gl_ClipVertex;
};

out vec4 gl_FrontColor;
out vec4 gl_BackColor;
out vec4 gl_FrontSecondaryColor;
out vec4 gl_BackSecondaryColor;
out vec4 gl_TexCoord[];
out float gl_FogFragCoord;
```

Geometry Language

```
in gl_PerVertex {
    vec4 gl_Position;
    float gl_PointSize;
    float gl_ClipDistance[];
} gl_in[];

in int gl_PrimitiveIDIn;
out int gl_PrimitiveID;
out int gl_Layer;
```

Compatibility profile outputs from the Vertex Language are also available as deprecated inputs and outputs in the Geometry Language.

Fragment Language

```
in vec4 gl_FragCoord;
in bool gl_FrontFacing;
in float gl_ClipDistance[];
in vec2 gl_PointCoord;
in int gl_PrimitiveID;
out float gl_FragDepth;
```

Built-In Constants With Minimum Values [7.4]

```
const int gl_MaxClipDistances = 8;
const int gl_MaxClipPlanes = 8;
const int gl_MaxDrawBuffers = 8;
```

Built-In Functions

Angle & Trigonometry Functions [8.1]

Component-wise operation. Parameters specified as *angle* are assumed to be in units of radians. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

T radians(T degrees)	degrees to radians
T degrees(T radians)	radians to degrees
T sin(T angle)	sine
T cos(T angle)	cosine
T tan(T angle)	tangent
T asin(T x)	arc sine
T acos(T x)	arc cosine
T atan(T y, T x)	arc tangent
T atan(T y, over_x)	
T sinh(T x)	hyperbolic sine
T cosh(T x)	hyperbolic cosine
T tanh(T x)	hyperbolic tangent
T asinh(T x)	hyperbolic sine
T acosh(T x)	hyperbolic cosine
T atanh(T x)	hyperbolic tangent

Exponential Functions [8.2]

Component-wise operation. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

T pow(T x, T y)	x^y
T exp(T x)	e^x
T log(T x)	ln
T exp2(T x)	2^x
T log2(T x)	\log_2
T sqrt(T x)	square root
T inversesqrt(T x)	inverse square root

Common Functions [8.3]

Component-wise operation. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4. Ti is int, ivec2, ivec3, ivec4. Tu is uint, uvec2, uvec3, uvec4. bvec is bvec2, bvec3, bvec4, bool.

T abs(T x)	absolute value
Ti abs(Ti x)	
T sign(T x)	returns -1.0, 0.0, or 1.0
Ti sign(Ti x)	
T floor(T x)	nearest integer $\leq x$
T trunc(T x)	nearest integer with absolute value \leq absolute value of x

Aggregate Operations and Constructors

Matrix Constructor Examples [5.4]

```
mat2(vec2, vec2); // one column per argument
mat3x2(vec2, vec2, vec2); // column 1
mat2(float, float, float); // column 2
mat2x3(vec2, float, vec2, float); // column 2
mat4x4(mat3x3); // mat3x3 to upper left, set lower
                  // right to 1, fill rest with zero
```

Array Constructor Example [5.4]

```
float c[3] = float[3](5.0, b + 1.0, 1.1);
```

Structure Constructor Example [5.4]

```
struct light {members;};
light lightVar = light(3.0, vec3(1.0, 2.0, 3.0));
```

Matrix Components [5.6]

Access components of a matrix with array subscripting syntax.

For example:

mat4 m;	// m represents a matrix
m[1] = vec4(2.0);	// sets second column to all 2.0
m[0][0] = 1.0;	// sets upper left element to 1.0
m[2][3] = 2.0;	// sets 4th element of 3rd column to 2.0

Examples of operations on matrices and vectors:
 $m = f * m;$ // scalar * matrix component-wise
 $v = f * v;$ // scalar * vector component-wise
 $v = v * v;$ // vector * vector component-wise
 $m = m \text{ op } m;$ // matrix op matrix component-wise
 $m = m * m;$ // linear algebraic multiply
 $m = v * m;$ // row vector * matrix linear algebraic multiply
 $m = m * v;$ // matrix * column vector linear algebraic multiply
 $f = dot(v, v);$ // vector dot product
 $v = cross(v, v);$ // vector cross product
 $m = matrixCompMult(m, m);$ // component-wise multiply
 $m = outerProduct(v, v);$ // matrix product of column * row vector

Structure and Array Operations [5.7]

Select structure fields and the length() method of an array using the period(.) operator. Other operators include:

.	field or method selector
$\mathbf{==}$ $\mathbf{!=}$	equality
$=$	assignment
$[]$	indexing (arrays only)

Array elements are accessed using the array subscript operator ([]). For example:

```
diffuseColor += lightIntensity[3] * NdotL;
```

Built-In Constants With Minimum Values (cont'd)

```
const int gl_MaxTextureUnits = 2;
const int gl_MaxTextureCoords = 8;
const int gl_MaxGeometryTextureImageUnits = 16;
const int gl_MaxTextureImageUnits = 16;
const int gl_MaxVertexAttribs = 16;
const int gl_MaxVertexTextureImageUnits = 16;
const int gl_MaxCombinedTextureImageUnits = 48;
const int gl_MaxGeometryVaryingComponents = 64;
const int gl_MaxVaryingComponents = 64;
const int gl_MaxVaryingFloats = 64;
const int gl_MaxGeometryOutputVertices = 256;
const int gl_MaxFragmentUniformComponents = 1024;
const int gl_MaxGeometryTotalOutputComponents = 1024;
const int gl_MaxGeometryUniformComponents = 1024;
const int gl_MaxVertexUniformComponents = 1024;
```

Statements and Structure

Iteration and Jumps [6]

Function Call	call by value, return
Iteration	for (:) { break, continue } while () { break, continue } do { break, continue } while ();
Selection	if () {} if () { } else { } switch () { case integer: ... break; ... default: ... }
Jump	break, continue, return (There is no 'goto')
Entry	void main()
Exit	return in main() discard // Fragment shader only

Common Functions (Continued)

T round(T x)	nearest integer, implementation-dependent rounding mode
T roundEven(T x)	nearest integer, 0.5 rounds to nearest even integer
T ceil(T x)	nearest integer $\geq x$
T fract(T x)	$x - \text{floor}(x)$
T mod(T x, float y)	modulus
T mod(T x, T y)	separate integer and fractional parts
T min(T x, T y)	minimum value
T min(T x, float y)	
Ti min(Ti x, Ti y)	
Ti min(Ti x, int y)	
Tu min(Tu x, Tu y)	
Tu min(Tu x, uint y)	
T max(T x, T y)	maximum value
T max(T x, float y)	
Ti max(Ti x, Ti y)	
Ti max(Ti x, int y)	
Tu max(Tu x, Tu y)	
Tu max(Tu x, uint y)	
T clamp(T x, T minVal, T maxVal)	
T clamp(T x, float minVal, float maxVal)	
Ti clamp(Ti x, Ti minVal, Ti maxVal)	min(max(x, minVal), maxVal)
Ti clamp(Ti x, int minVal, int maxVal)	
Tu clamp(Tu x, Tu minVal, Tu maxVal)	
Tu clamp(Tu x, uint minVal, uint maxVal)	
T mix(T x, T y, T a)	linear blend of x and y
T mix(T x, T y, float a)	
T mix(T x, T y, bvec a)	true components in a select components from y, else from x
T step(T edge, T x)	0.0 if $x < \text{edge}$, else 1.0
T step(float edge, T x)	
T smoothstep(T edge0, T edge1, T x)	clip and smooth
T smoothstep(float edge0, float edge1, T x)	
bvec isnan(T x)	true if x is NaN
bvec isnanf(T x)	true if x is positive or negative infinity

Geometric Functions [8.4]

These functions operate on vectors as vectors, not component-wise. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

float length(T x)	length of vector
float distance(T p0, T p1)	distance between points
float dot(T x, T y)	dot product
vec3 cross(vec3 x, vec3 y)	cross product
T normalize(T x)	normalize vector to length 1
vec4 transform()	invariant vertex transformation
T faceforward(T N, T I, T Nref)	returns N if dot(Nref, I) < 0, else -N
T reflect(T I, T N)	reflection direction $I - 2 * \text{dot}(N, I) * N$
T refract(T I, T N, float eta)	refraction vector

Matrix Functions [8.5]

Type mat is any matrix type.

mat matrixCompMult(mat x, mat y)	multiply x by y component-wise
matN outerProduct(vecN v, vecN r)	where N is 2, 3, 4 : $c * r$ outer product
matNxM outerProduct(vecM c, vecN r)	where N != M and N, $M = 2, 3, 4 : c * r$ outer product
matN transpose(matN m)	where N is 2, 3, 4 : transpose of m
matNxM transpose(matMxN m)	where N != M and N, M = 2, 3, 4 : transpose of m
float determinant(matN m)	determinant of m
matN inverse(matN m)	where N is 2, 3, 4 : inverse of m

Vector Relational Functions [8.6]

Compare x and y component-wise. Sizes of the input and return vectors for any particular call must match. Type bvec is bvecn; vec is vecn; {ui}vec is {ui}vecn (where n is 2, 3, or 4). T is the union of vec and {ui}vec.

bvec lessThan(T x, T y)	<
bvec lessThanEqual(T x, T y)	\leq
bvec greaterThan(T x, T y)	>
bvec greaterThanEqual(T x, T y)	\geq
bvec equal(T x, T y)	$\mathbf{==}$
bvec equal(bvec x, bvec y)	
bvec notEqual(T x, T y)	$\mathbf{!=}$
bvec notEqual(bvec x, bvec y)	
bool any(bvec x)	true if any component of x is true
bool all(bvec x)	true if all components of x are true
bvec not(bvec x)	logical complement of x

(continued >)

The OpenGL Shading Language 1.50 Quick Reference Card

Derivative Functions [8.8]

<code>T dFdx(T p)</code>	derivative in x
<code>T dFdy(T p)</code>	derivative in y
<code>T fwidth(T p)</code>	sum of absolute derivative in x and y

Noise Functions [8.9]

Returns noise value. Available to fragment, geometry, and vertex shaders. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

<code>float noise1(T x)</code>	
<code>vec2 noisen(T x)</code>	where n is 2, 3, or 4

Geometry Shader Functions [8.10]

Only available in geometry shaders.

<code>void EmitVertex()</code>	emits current values of output variables to the current output primitive
<code>void EndPrimitive()</code>	completes current output primitive and starts a new one

Texture Lookup Functions [8.7]

Available to vertex, geometry, and fragment shaders. gvec4 means vec4, ivec4, or uvec4. gsampler* means sampler*, isampler*, or usampler*.

Texture lookup, returning LOD if present:

```
int textureSize(gsampler1D sampler, int lod)
ivec2 textureSize(gsampler2D sampler, int lod)
ivec3 textureSize(gsampler3D sampler, int lod)
ivec2 textureSize(gsamplerCube sampler, int lod)
int textureSize(sampler1DShadow sampler, int lod)
ivec2 textureSize(sampler2DShadow sampler, int lod)
ivec2 textureSize(samplerCubeShadow sampler, int lod)
ivec2 textureSize(gsampler2DRect sampler)
ivec2 textureSize(sampler2DRectShadow sampler)
ivec2 textureSize(gsampler1DArray sampler, int lod)
ivec3 textureSize(gsampler2DArray sampler, int lod)
ivec2 textureSize(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, int lod)
ivec3 textureSize(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, int lod)
int textureSize(gsamplerBuffer sampler)
ivec2 textureSize(gsampler2DMS sampler)
ivec2 textureSize(gsampler2DMSArray sampler)
```

Texture lookup:

```
gvec4 texture(gsampler1D sampler, float P [, float bias])
gvec4 texture(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P [, float bias])
gvec4 texture(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P [, float bias])
gvec4 texture(gsamplerCube sampler, vec3 P [, float bias])
float texture(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec3 P [, float bias])
float texture(samplerCubeShadow sampler, vec4 P [, float bias])
gvec4 texture(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P [, float bias])
gvec4 texture(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P [, float bias])
float texture(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P [, float bias])
float texture(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P)
gvec4 texture(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec2 P)
float texture(sampler2DRectShadow sampler, vec3 P)
```

Texture lookup with projection:

```
gvec4 textureProj(gsampler1D sampler, vec[2,4] P [, float bias])
gvec4 textureProj(gsampler2D sampler, vec[3,4] P [, float bias])
gvec4 textureProj(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P [, float bias])
float textureProj(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec4 P [, float bias])
gvec4 textureProj(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec[3,4] P)
float textureProj(sampler2DRectShadow sampler, vec4 P)
```

Texture lookup with explicit LOD:

```
gvec4 textureLod(gsampler1D sampler, float P, float lod)
gvec4 textureLod(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, float lod)
gvec4 textureLod(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, float lod)
gvec4 textureLod(gsamplerCube sampler, vec3 P, float lod)
float textureLod(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod)
gvec4 textureLod(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, float lod)
gvec4 textureLod(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, float lod)
float textureLod(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod)
```

Texture lookup with offset:

```
gvec4 textureOffset(gsampler1D sampler, float P, int offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, ivec3 offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureOffset(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec2 P, ivec2 offset)
float textureOffset(sampler2DRectShadow sampler, vec3 P, ivec2 offset)
```

```
float textureOffset(gsampler1DShadow sampler, vec3 P, int offset [, float bias])
float textureOffset(gsampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureOffset(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, int offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
float textureOffset(gsampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, int offset [, float bias])
```

Fetch a single texel:

```
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler1D sampler, int P, int lod)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler2D sampler, ivec2 P, int lod)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler3D sampler, ivec3 P, int lod)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler2DRect sampler, ivec2 P)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler1DArray sampler, ivec2 P, int lod)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler2DArray sampler, ivec3 P, int lod)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsamplerBuffer sampler, int P)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler2DMS sampler, ivec2 P, int sample)
gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler2DMSArray sampler, ivec3 P, int sample)
```

Fetch a single texel, with offset:

```
gvec4 texelFetchOffset(gsampler1D sampler, int P, int lod, int offset)
gvec4 texelFetchOffset(gsampler2D sampler, ivec2 P, int lod, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 texelFetchOffset(gsampler3D sampler, ivec3 P, int lod, ivec3 offset)
gvec4 texelFetchOffset(gsampler2DRect sampler, ivec2 P, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 texelFetchOffset(gsampler1DArray sampler, ivec2 P, int lod, int offset)
gvec4 texelFetchOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, ivec3 P, int lod, ivec2 offset)
```

Projective texture lookup with offset:

```
gvec4 textureProjOffset(gsampler1D sampler, vec[2,4] P, int offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureProjOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec[3,4] P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureProjOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, ivec3 offset [, float bias])
gvec4 textureProjOffset(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec[3,4] P, ivec2 offset)
float textureProjOffset(sampler2DRectShadow sampler, vec4 P, ivec2 offset)
float textureProjOffset(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec4 P, int offset [, float bias])
float textureProjOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
float textureProjOffset(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
```

Offset texture lookup with explicit LOD:

```
gvec4 textureLodOffset(gsampler1D sampler, float P, float lod, int offset)
gvec4 textureLodOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, float lod, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 textureLodOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, float lod, ivec3 offset)
float textureLodOffset(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod, int offset)
float textureLodOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 textureLodOffset(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, float lod, int offset)
gvec4 textureLodOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, float lod, ivec2 offset)
float textureLodOffset(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod, int offset)
```

Projective texture lookup with explicit LOD:

```
gvec4 textureProjLod(gsampler1D sampler, vec[2,4] P, float lod)
gvec4 textureProjLod(gsampler2D sampler, vec[3,4] P, float lod)
gvec4 textureProjLod(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, float lod)
float textureProjLod(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec4 P, float lod)
```

Offset projective texture lookup with explicit LOD:

```
gvec4 textureProjLodOffset(gsampler1D sampler, vec[2,4] P, float lod, int offset)
gvec4 textureProjLodOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec[3,4] P, float lod, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 textureProjLodOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, float lod, ivec3 offset)
float textureProjLodOffset(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec4 P, float lod, int offset)
float textureProjLodOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, float lod, ivec2 offset)
```

Texture lookup with explicit gradient:

```
gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler1D sampler, float P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy)
gvec4 textureGrad(gsamplerCube sampler, vec3 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy)
gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec2 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
float textureGrad(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec3 P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
float textureGrad(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
float textureGrad(samplerCubeShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy)
gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
float textureGrad(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
float textureGrad(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
```

Texture lookup with explicit gradient and offset:

```
gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler1D sampler, float P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy, ivec3 offset)
gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec2 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureGradOffset(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureGradOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureGradOffset(samplerCubeShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy, ivec3 offset)
gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureGradOffset(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
float textureGradOffset(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
```

Projective texture lookup with explicit gradient:

```
gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler1D sampler, vec[2,4] P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler2D sampler, vec[3,4] P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy)
gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec[3,4] P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
float textureProjGrad(sampler2DRectShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy)
float textureProjGrad(sampler1DShadow sampler, vec4 P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
float textureProjGrad(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, float dPdx, float dPdy)
gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureProjGrad(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
float textureProjGrad(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
```

Projective texture lookup with explicit gradient and offset:

```
gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler1D sampler, vec[2,4] P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec[3,4] P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy, ivec3 offset)
gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler2DRect sampler, vec[3,4] P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureProjGradOffset(sampler2DRectShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler1DArray sampler, vec2 P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
float textureProjGradOffset(sampler1DArrayShadow sampler, vec3 P, float dPdx, float dPdy, int offset)
float textureProjGradOffset(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset)
```



OpenGL is a registered trademark of Silicon Graphics International, used under license by Khronos Group.
The Khronos Group is an industry consortium creating open standards for the authoring and acceleration of parallel computing, graphics and dynamic media on a wide variety of platforms and devices.

See www.khronos.org to learn more about the Khronos Group.
See www.opengl.org to learn more about OpenGL.