Master in Artificial Intelligence

Introduction to Human Language Technologies 10. Coreference resolution





I Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

Mr. Smith was traveling when Lara came back home. He had never been far from his wife. Mrs. Smith closed the door and went to bed thinking of John.

2 Extract all positive and negative examples of coreferent mention pairs for closest-first and for best-first strategies.

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

Mr. Smith was traveling when Lara came back home. He had never been far from his wife. Mrs. Smith closed the door and went to bed thinking of John.

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

1:[Mr. Smith]₁ was traveling when 2:[Lara]₂ came back 3:[home]₃. 4:[He]₁ had never been far from 6:[5:[his]₁ wife]₂. 7:[Mrs. Smith]₂ closed 8:[the door]₄ and went to 9:[bed]₅ thinking of 10:[John]₁.

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

```
1:[Mr. Smith]<sub>1</sub> was traveling when 2:[Lara]<sub>2</sub> came back 3:[home]<sub>3</sub>. 4:[He]<sub>1</sub> had never been far from 6:[5:[his]<sub>1</sub> wife]<sub>2</sub>. 7:[Mrs. Smith]<sub>2</sub> closed 8:[the door]<sub>4</sub> and went to 9:[bed]<sub>5</sub> thinking of 10:[John]<sub>1</sub>.
```

Extract all positive and negative examples of coreferent mention pairs for closest-first and for best-first strategies.

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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1:[Mr. Smith]<sub>1</sub> was traveling when 2:[Lara]<sub>2</sub> came back 3:[home]<sub>3</sub>. 4:[He]<sub>1</sub> had never been far from 6:[5:[his]_1 wife]<sub>2</sub>. 7:[Mrs. Smith]_2 closed 8:[the door]_4 and went to 9:[bed]_5 thinking of 10:[John]_1.
```

Closest-first strategy:

```
e<sup>+</sup> (1,2)
```

Best-first strategy:

```
e^+ (1,2)
```

 e^{-}

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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```

Closest-first strategy:

```
e<sup>+</sup> (1,2)
```

Best-first strategy:

```
e^+ (1,2)
```

1 and 2 are not in the same chain

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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1:[Mr. Smith]<sub>1</sub> was traveling when 2:[Lara]<sub>2</sub> came back 3:[home]<sub>3</sub>. 4:[He]<sub>1</sub> had never been far from 6:[5:[his]_1 wife]<sub>2</sub>. 7:[Mrs. Smith]_2 closed 8:[the door]_4 and went to 9:[bed]_5 thinking of 10:[John]_1.
```

Closest-first strategy:

```
e<sup>+</sup> (?,3)
```

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e^+ (?,3)
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```

Closest-first strategy:

```
e<sup>+</sup> (?,3)
```

Best-first strategy:

```
e^+ (?,3)
```

 e^{-}

3 is a singleton

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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```

Closest-first strategy:

- e^{+} (1,4)
- e^{-} (2,4) (3,4)

- e^{+} (1,4)
- e^{-} (2,4) (3,4)

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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1:[Mr. Smith]<sub>1</sub> was traveling when 2:[Lara]<sub>2</sub> came back 3:[home]<sub>3</sub>. 4:[He]<sub>1</sub> had never been far from 6:[5:[his]_1 \text{ wife}]_2. 7:[Mrs. Smith]<sub>2</sub> closed 8:[the door]<sub>4</sub> and went to 9:[bed]<sub>5</sub> thinking of 10:[John]<sub>1</sub>.
```

Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4)

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4)

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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```

Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4)

Best-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4)

5 is a pronoun. The antecedent can be a pronoun . No e^- found

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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```

Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (5,6)

$$e^+$$
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```

Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (5,6)

Best-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (5,6)

mention 5 does not preced mention 6 as it starts in the same position. It is not taken as e^- for any strategy

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
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$$e^+$$
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```

Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6)

Best-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6)

6 is not a pronoun and 4 is a pronoun. It can be taken as e^- also for best-first

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Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6)

$$e^{-}$$
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Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

$$e^+$$
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Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7)
 e^- (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

Best-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

No mentions in between 6 and 7. So no e^-

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```

Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7) + (?,8)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7) + (?,8)

$$e^{-}$$
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Best-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7) + (?,8)

$$e^{-}$$
 (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

8 is a singleton as well as 9

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1:[Mr. Smith]<sub>1</sub> was traveling when 2:[Lara]<sub>2</sub> came back 3:[home]<sub>3</sub>. 4:[He]<sub>1</sub> had never been far from 6:[5:[his]<sub>1</sub> wife]<sub>2</sub>. 7:[Mrs. Smith]<sub>2</sub> closed 8:[the door]<sub>4</sub> and went to 9:[bed]<sub>5</sub> thinking of 10:[John]<sub>1</sub>.
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Closest-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7) + (5,10)
 e^- (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7) + (5,10)
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Best-first strategy:

$$e^+$$
 (1,4) + (4,5) + (2,6) + (6,7) + (5,10)
 e^- (2,4) (3,4) + (4,6) (3,6)

10 is not a pronoun but 5 is, as well as 4. It is not e^+ for best-first

Identify all the mentions for identity noun-phrase coreference resolution in the following text:

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Closest-first strategy:

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Assume we have already learned a mention-pair classifier. Consider m1, ..., m9 as the ordered sequence of mentions in a text. Given the following probabilities for the mention pairs:

$$P(CO| < m1, m7 >) = 0.8;$$
 $P(CO| < m2, m7 >) = 0.6;$ $P(CO| < m3, m7 >) = 0.4;$ $P(CO| < m4, m7 >) = 0.5;$ $P(CO| < m5, m7 >) = 0.7;$ $P(CO| < m6, m7 >) = 0.6;$ $P(CO| < m7, m8 >) = 0.9;$ $P(CO| < m7, m9 >) = 0.5;$

provide the m7 antecedent that results from applying:

- Closest-first strategy
- 2 Best-first strategy assuming a coreference threshold of > 0.6.

m7 antecendent using **closest-first strategy** assuming a coreference threshold of > 0.6.

$$P(CO| < m1, m7 >) = 0.8;$$
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m1 m2 m3 m4 m5 m6 m7

m7 antecendent using **closest-first strategy** assuming a coreference threshold of > 0.6.

$$P(CO| < m1, m7 >) = 0.8;$$
 $P(CO| < m2, m7 >) = 0.6;$ $P(CO| < m3, m7 >) = 0.4;$ $P(CO| < m4, m7 >) = 0.5;$ $P(CO| < m5, m7 >) = 0.7;$ $P(CO| < m6, m7 >) = 0.6;$ $P(CO| < m7, m8 >) = 0.9;$ $P(CO| < m7, m9 >) = 0.5;$

m1 m2 m3 m4 m5 m6 m7

m7 antecendent using **closest-first strategy** assuming a coreference threshold of 0.6.

$$P(CO| < m1, m7 >) = 0.8;$$
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m7 antecendent using **best-first strategy**, assuming a coreference threshold of 0.6.

$$P(CO| < m1, m7 >) = 0.8;$$
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