

LUG²⁰₂₁

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A triad-based architecture for a multipurpose Lustre filesystem at /rdlab

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/rdlab

Engaged with your research

<https://rdlab.cs.upc.edu>

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- ***The research and development Lab (context)***
 - Founded in 2010 at the Computer Science department
 - IT support for research groups only
 - National and European Projects (FP7, H2020...)
 - Technology transfer
- ***The research and development Lab (Infrastructure)***
 - 160 researchers, 18 research groups
 - HPC and Cloud services for research projects
 - 400TBytes Lustre (2.12.5 + ZFS) storage

SQUARING THE CIRCLE

- **Why not Lustre?**

- Well-known project
- Using Lustre since 2010 (HPC service)
- Most of our data was already in Lustre
- Lustre provides a flexible architecture to play

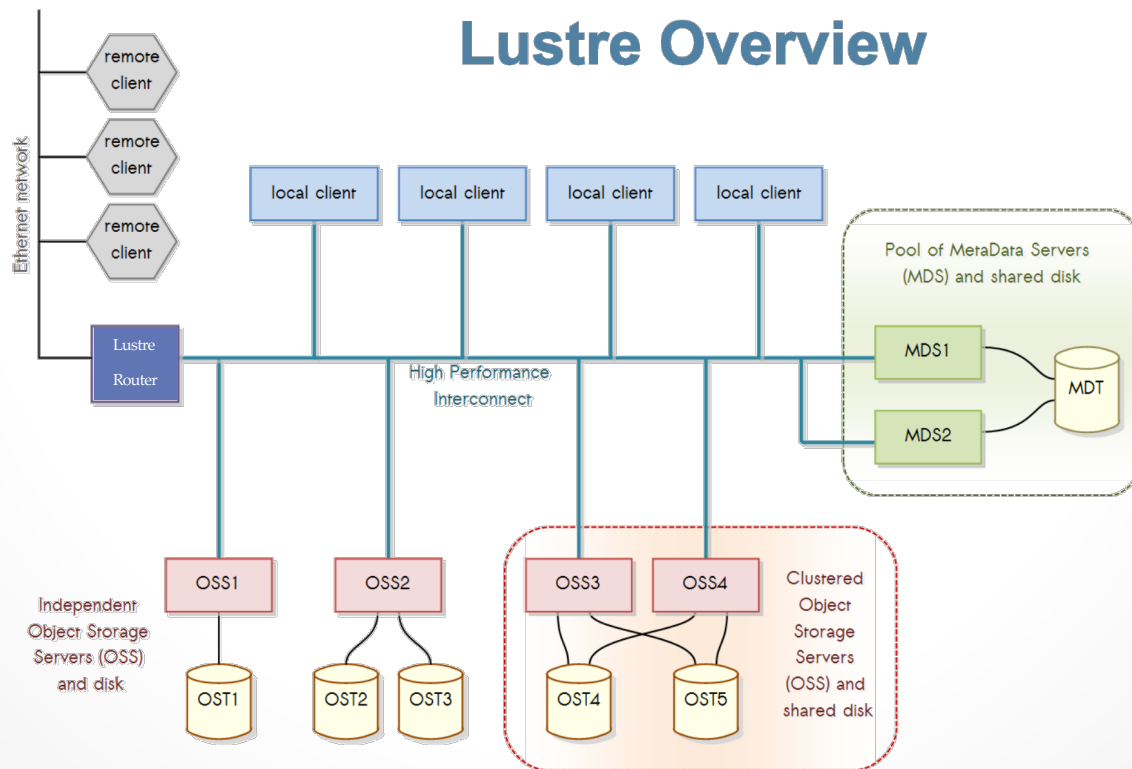
- **OK, but...**

- Misconceptions (expensive, difficult to understand...)
- Compatibility issues (vendors and technologies)
- Who is using Lustre as a general purpose filesystem? (Early adopter panic)
- Undocumented experiences and good practices

STARTING POINT

- **Classical Lustre setups**

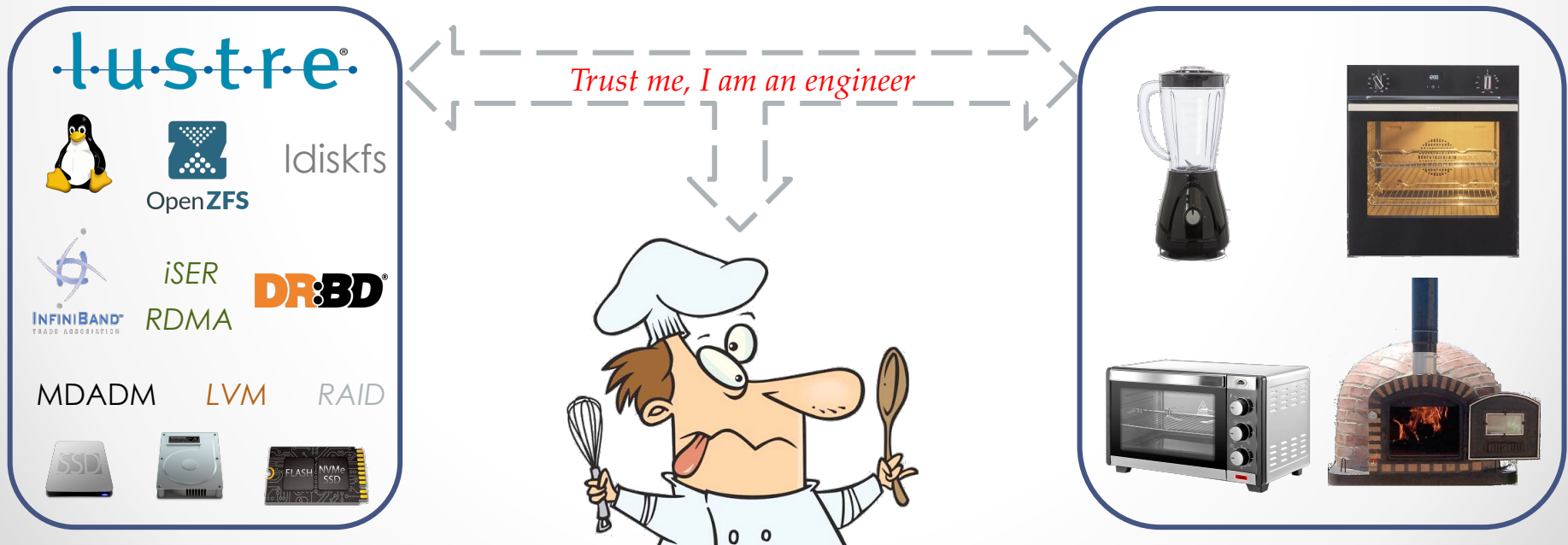
- **Type A:** Several n-disk volumes OST governed by a single dedicated OSS
- **Type B (HA):** A multiple-disk OST pair attached to a couple of OSS



THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD

- **Cooking the idea**

- Identify the main ingredients, goal(s) and constraints
- Set metrics and baselines
- Play: Combine, test and “taste”



THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD II

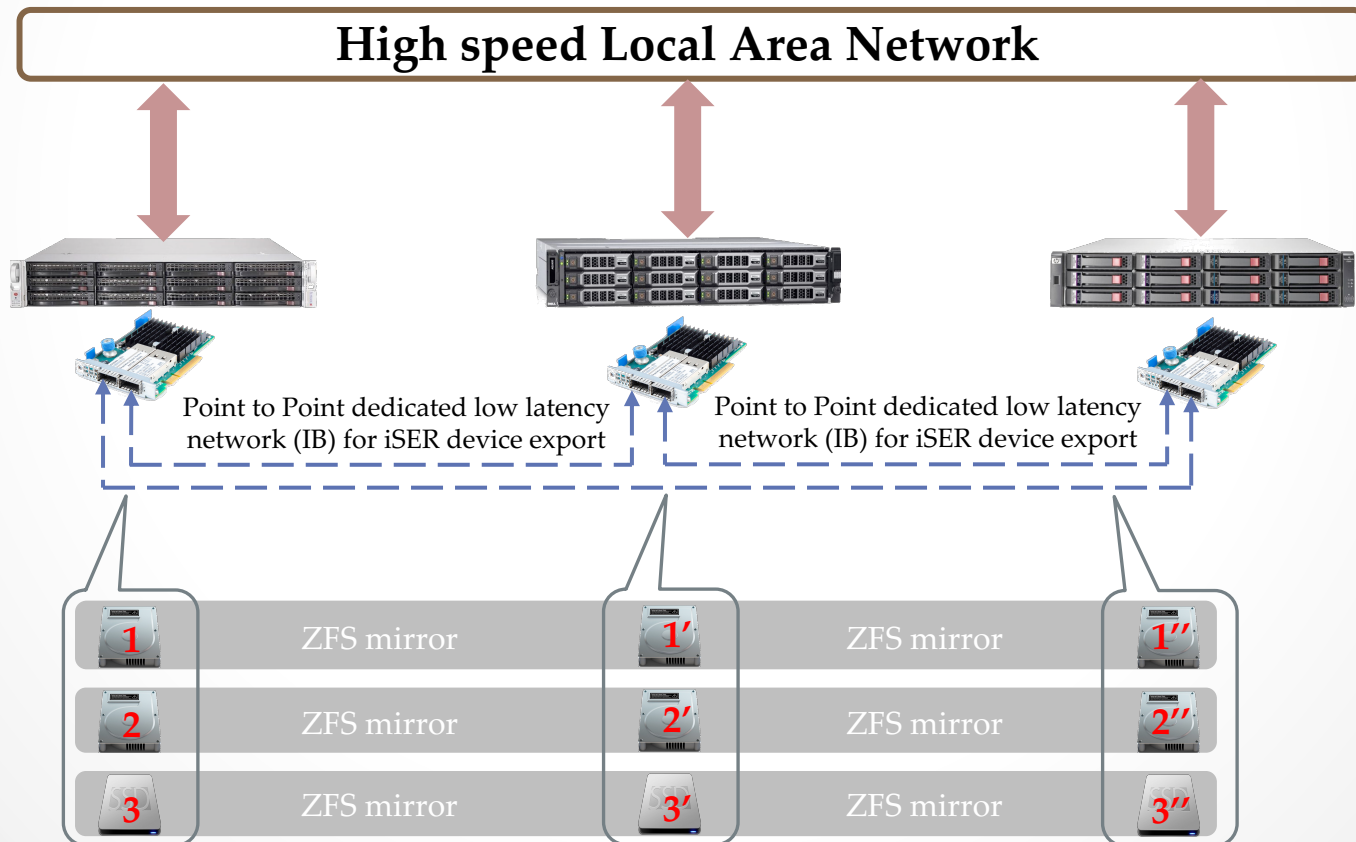
- ***Milestones***



OFF THE BEATEN TRACK

- **Ingredients for a triad based recipe**

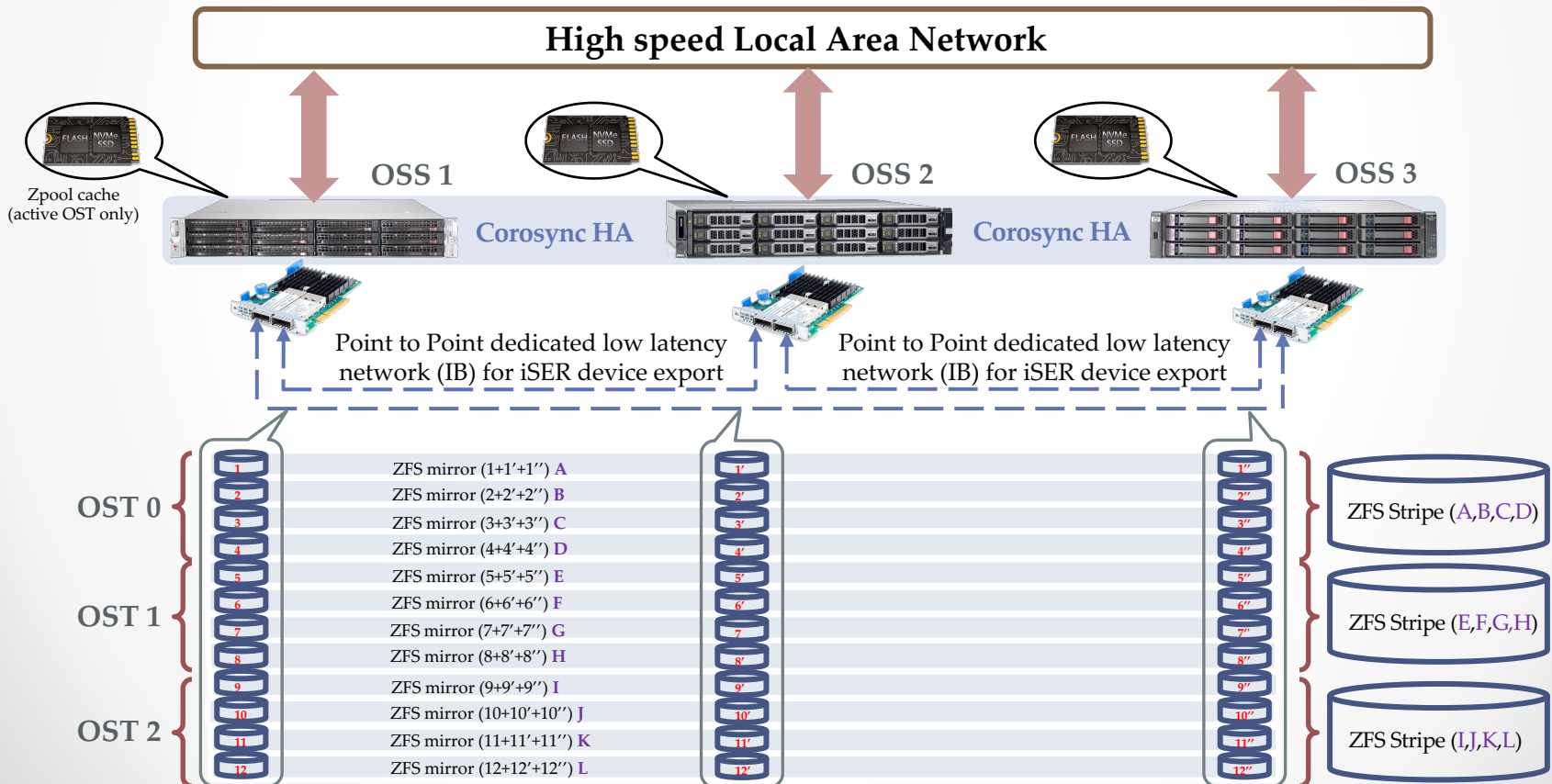
- 3 physical dedicated disk servers (different model/vendors?)
- Same disk technology layout
- Dedicated high-speed low-latency network (IB + iSER)



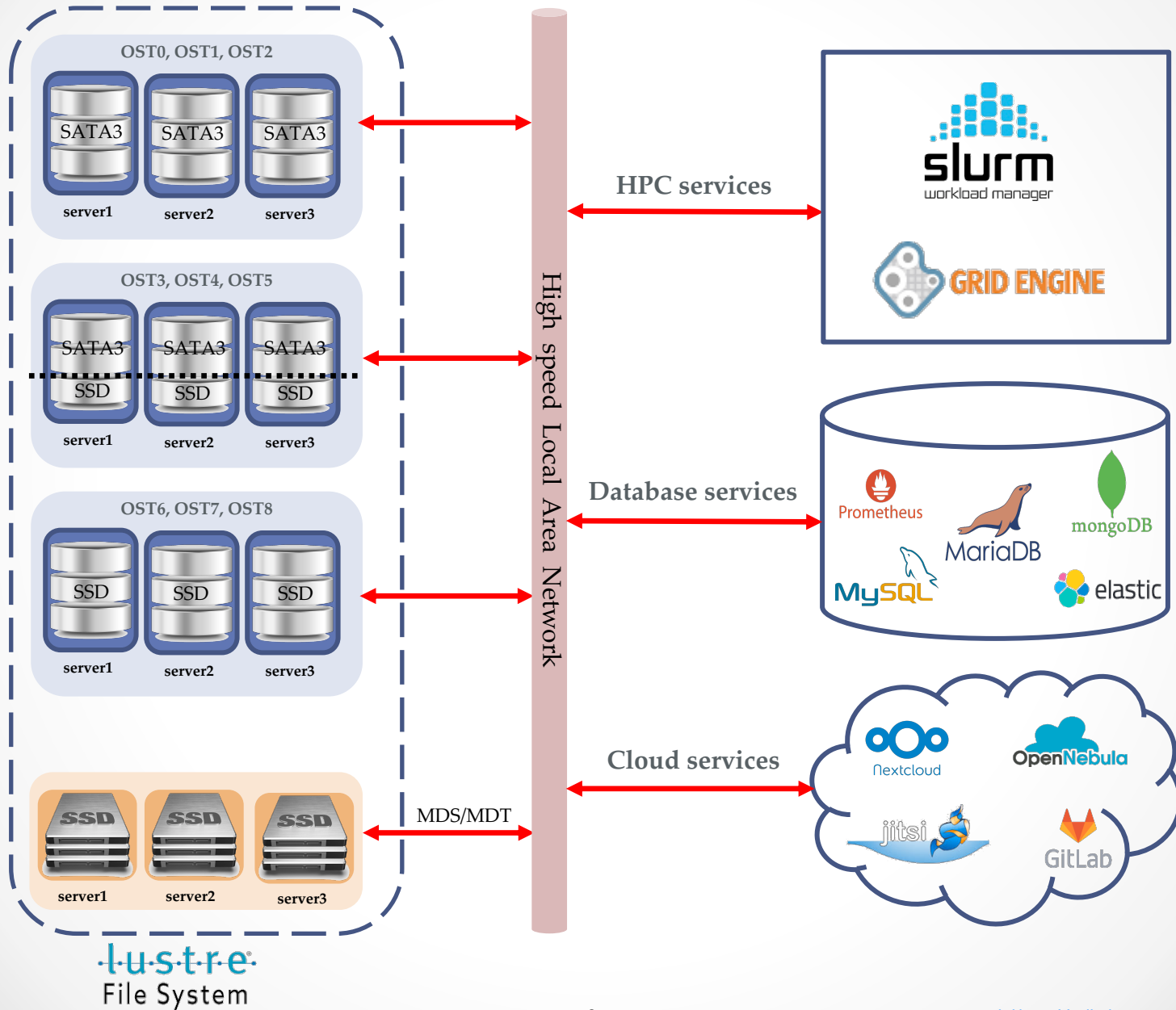
OFF THE BEATEN TRACK II

- **Spicing the triad**

- Group alike ZFS mirrors into ZFS Stripes
- Group ZFS stripes into a 3 OST setup
- “**Serve**” every OST with HA and a Zpool cache disk



THE FINAL FORM



WHY A TRIAD-BASED ARCHITECTURE?

- **Features and flavors**

- Customization
- Performance (dedicated network + I/O split)
- Data cost vs redundancy
- Reliability (data CRC + Quorum)
- Isolation (maintenance, disaster)
- Rebuild impact
- Big File support (in Lustre, size matters)
- ZFS benefits (compression, deduplication, cache...)





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- [3] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISCSI_Extensions_for_RDMA
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